Pellicer

Multifunctional cosmetic ingredient





Pellicer™ repairs roughened skin and damaged hair,
through its natural affinity with their constituents as an amphiphilic
produced from natural plant components - fatty acids
and the amino acids glutamic acid and lysine.



Skin care

Regulates and repairs the lamellar liquid crystal structure of roughened skin.

Skin penetration enhancer effect of water-soluble ingredient

Enhances penetration of water-soluble active ingredients without roughing up the skin.

Hair care

Promotes moisture penetration into hair, repairs damaged internal structure, improves damaged hair strength.

Functions and effects of

Pellicer™

Emulsifying function

Emulsifies all kinds of oils at solid content of 0.1% for light, fresh finish.

Solubilizing function

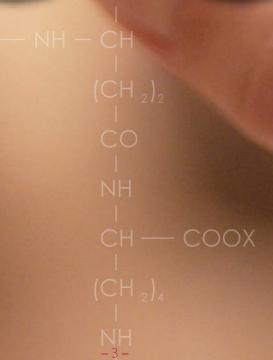
As a solubilizing aid, dramatically reduces the amount of nonionic surfactant for less of a tacky feel.

Oil gelling function

Gels various types of oils, making oil gels with smooth and less of a tacky feel.

Pigment dispersing function

Disperses stably hydrophobic pigments in aqueous phase, enabling highly water-resistant oil-in-water formulations with fresh and light feeling.

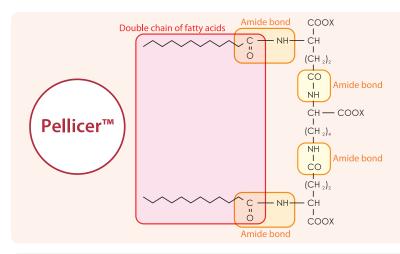




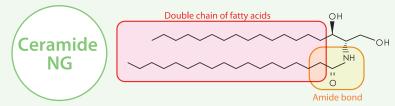
Product features and applications of Pellicer™



■ Pellicer™ with structure similar to Ceramide

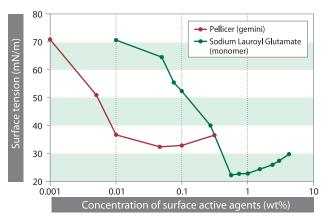


Pellicer™'s amide bonds and carboxylic acid are compatible with proteins, while double-chain lipophilic group is compatible with lipids. Pellicer™ therefore has a high affinity for skin and hair and has a damage repair function.

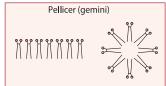


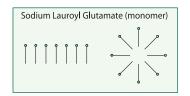
Has a structure similar to Ceramide, with a better penetration ability.

■ Pellicer[™], a gemini-type emulsifier that formulates micelles in a very small amount



Pellicer[™] is a 100% naturally derived, gemini-type emulsifier. It can form micelles at low concentrations as shown in the graph on the left, can emulsify and gel a variety of oils in small amounts.





Examples of use applications

Category	Recommended amount (solid content)	Use applications
Skin care	0.1% ~ 1.0%	Lotion, emulsion, cream, serum, face wash, bar soap, body shampoo, etc.
Emulsification	0.03% ~ 0.1%	Emulsion for various hair and skin care products, sunscreen
Hair care	0.01% ~ 0.1%	Shampoo, conditioner, hair tonic, etc.
Solubilization	0.05% ~ 0.1%	Solubilization of fat-soluble vitamins and essential oils, etc.
Oil gel	0.3%	Make-up remover and various types of oil gel formulations



Excellent properties of Pellicer™

Excellent thermal stability

Excellent stability over time

Excellent biodegradability



Product name		Pe ll icer™ L-30	Pellicer™ LB-30G	Pe ll icer™ LB-10
Japanese la nam (Concentrat	e	ジラウロイルグルタミン酸リシン Na (29%) 水 (71%)	ジラウロイルグルタミン酸リシン Na (27%) BG (6%) 水 (67%)	ジラウロイルグルタミン酸リシン Na (10%) BG (10%) 水 (80%)
INCI name (Concentration %)	English	Sodium Dilauramidoglutamide Lysine (29%) Water (71%)	Sodium Dilauramidoglutamide Lysine (27%) Butylene Glycol (6%) Water (67%)	Sodium Dilauramidoglutamide Lysine (10%) Butylene Glycol (10%) Water (80%)
	Chinese	水、二(月桂酰胺谷氨酰胺) 赖氨酸钠	水、二(月桂酰胺谷氨酰胺) 赖氨酸钠、丁二醇	水、二(月桂酰胺谷氨酰胺) 赖氨酸钠、丁二醇
Packaging		18kg can, 1kg can	18kg can	18kg can, 1kg can

Regulatory correspondence status /

Region	Regulations	Status as of September, 2020
EU	REACH	Registered. Tonnage band: 1 – 10 t/y.
CHINA	IECSC	Permission on importation granted under "low volume exemption" scheme. Tonnage band: 1t as solid/y $*3$ importers = Less than 3 t/y.
CHINA	NMPA(former CFDA)	Listed on the Inventory of Existing Cosmetic Ingredient in China, published on June 30, 2014.
US	TSCA	Registered.
CANADA	NSNR (New Substance Notification Regulation)	Listed on NDSL (Non Domestic Substance List). Annual tonnage band is not more than 1t as solid per importer.
AUSTRALIA	AICS (Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances)	Listed on NICNS (National Industrial Chemicals Notification and Assessment Scheme).
SWISS	ChemG	Registered. Tonnage band: 1 – 10 t/y.
JAPAN	JSQI (Japanese Standards for Quasi-drug Ingredients)	Registered. Category: "Medicinal cosmetics", "Perming agent" "Hair-coloring agent", "Hair growth tonic" and "medicinal toothpaste". Maximum dosage allowed: 0.35% as L-30.





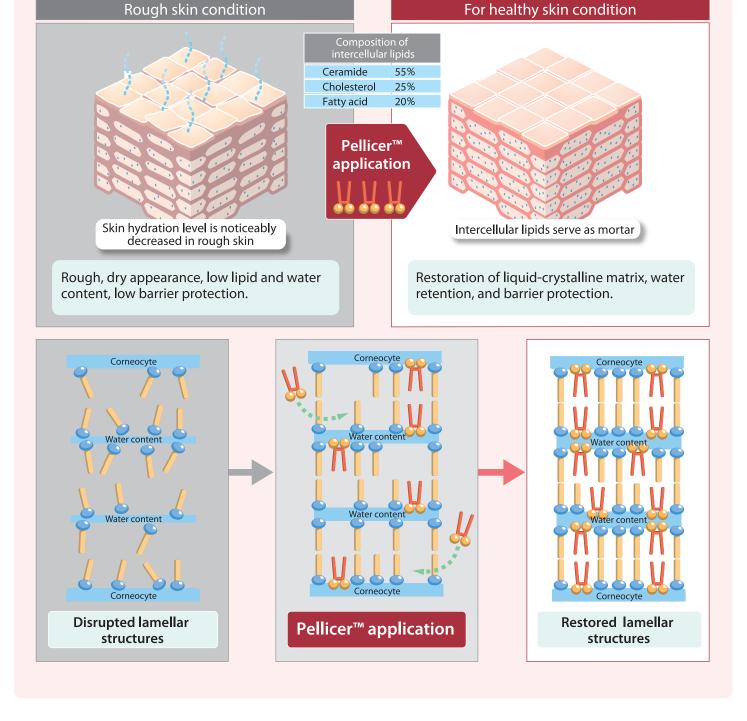
Skin care function

Restoration of lamellar structure

Improvement of rough skin texture

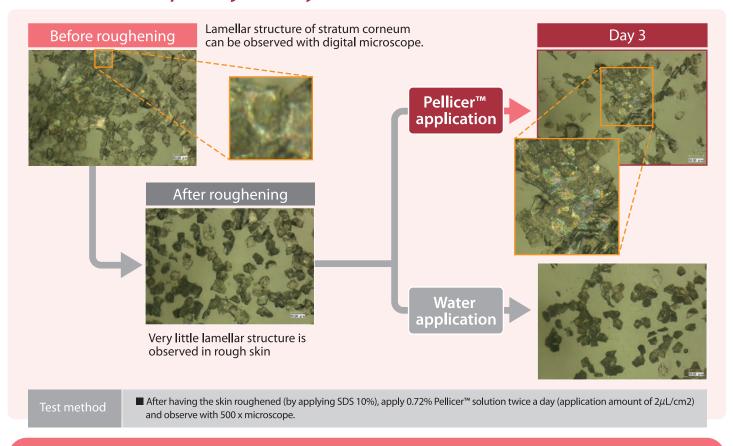
Skin care function

Pellicer[™] penetrates into the stratum corneum and regulates the lamellar structure, leading to healthier skin



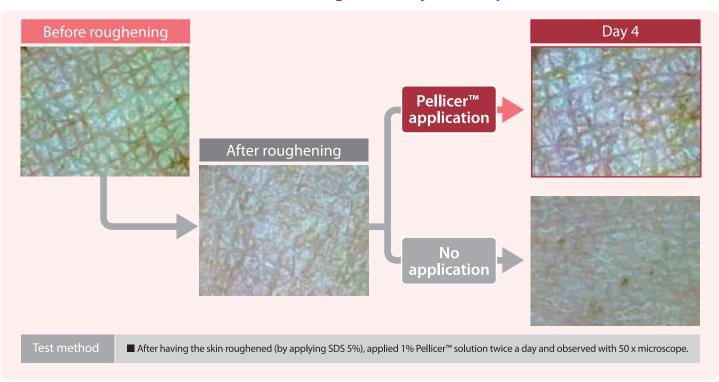
Restoration of lamellar structures

Pellicer[™] penetrates the stratum corneum and restores the lamellar structure of intercellular lipids in just 3 days



Improvement of rough skin texture

Pellicer™ has restored texture of rough skin in just 4 days







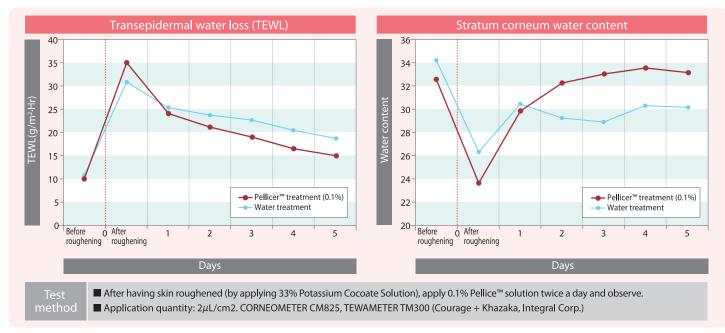
of rough skin

Recovery of barrier function Comparison in permeability with Ceramide

Skin penetration enhancer effect of water-soluble active ingredients

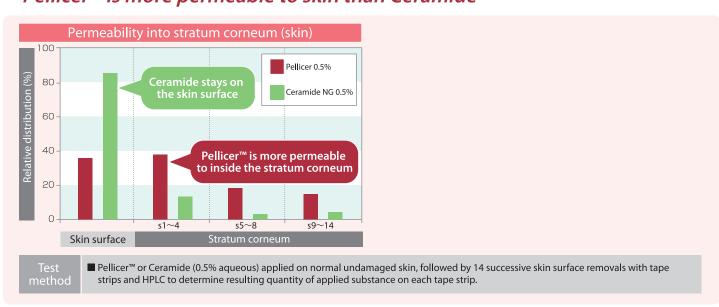
Recovery of barrier function of rough skin

Pellicer™ cures rough skin, restoring barrier function and moisture content in stratum corneum



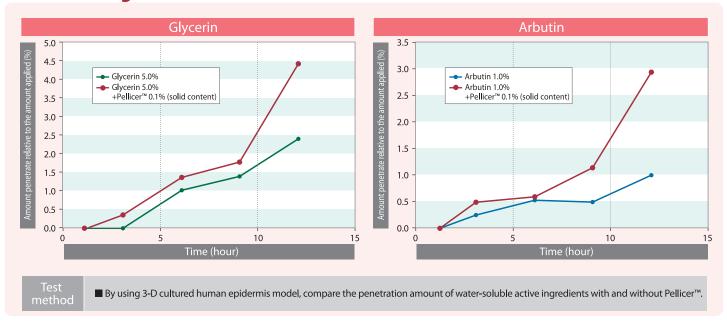
Comparison in permeability with Ceramide

Pellicer™ is more permeable to skin than Ceramide

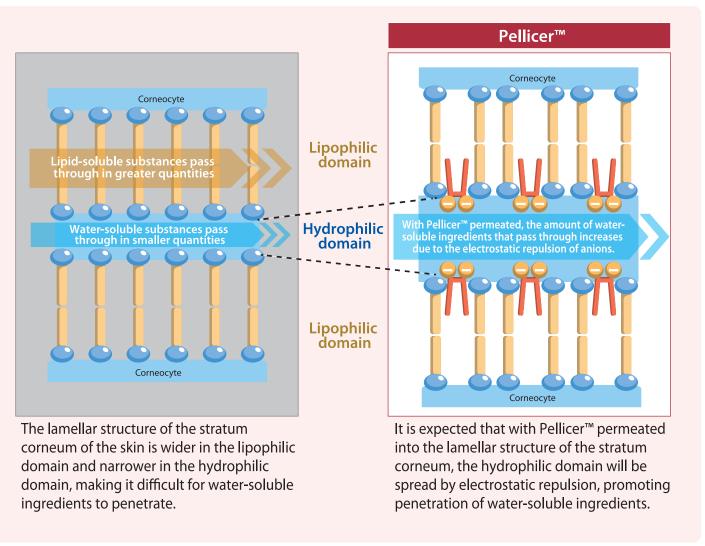


Skin penetration enhancer effect of water-soluble active ingredients

Pellicer[™] penetrates into skin, promoting penetration of water-soluble active ingredients



[Mechanism to promote penetration of water-soluble ingredient]





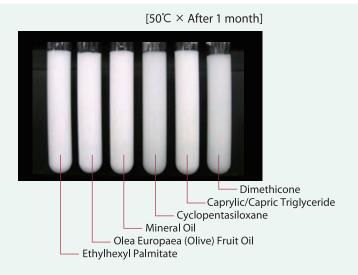
Emulsifying function

Ability to emulsify various types of oils

Use as a rescue co-emulsifier

Ability to emulsify various oils

Pellicer™ can emulsify 20 % oils at 0.03%



(Formulation)

Ingredients	Wt%	
Pellicer™ L-30 (solid content)	0.10 (0.03)	
Oil	20.00	
Carbomer (Carbopol 981)	0.20	
30w/v%NaOH aqueous solution	0.28	
Water	79.42	

Test method

- Dissolve Carbomer in water, and adjust the aqueous solution to pH 7 with NaOH aqueous solution.
- \blacksquare Add Pellicer[™] and oil, and emulsify with a homogenizer (6000 rpm) for 5 min at room temperature.

Pellicer[™] alone can emulsify a wide range of oils from HLB 4 to 15

(Assessment results)

INCI name	Required HLB value	Particle diameter (μ m)		Viscosity (m Pa⋅S)	
INCITIAITIE	* Representative value	Oi l content 10%	Oil content 50%	Oil content 10%	Oil content 5%
Triethylhexanoin	4.0	7.0	4.6	1,190	3,910
Olea Europaea (Olive) Fruit Oil	7.0	13.8	6.9	1,270	4,700
Cyclopentasiloxane	7.5	8.5	6.9	1,220	3,910
Ethylhexyl Palmitate	8.0	8.3	5.4	1,260	4,370
Mineral Oil	10.0	11.3	7.3	1,250	4,310
Dimethyl Phthalate	15.0	1.0	1.1	1,090	2,370

^{*} It may vary by the ingredients.

Formu**l**ation

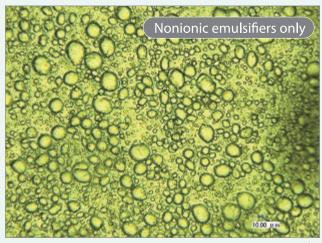
- Oil phase: various types of oil (see above)
- Aqueous phase: Pellicer™ LB-10(1%), 2% Carbopol 981 aqueous solution (10%), water (100% in total)

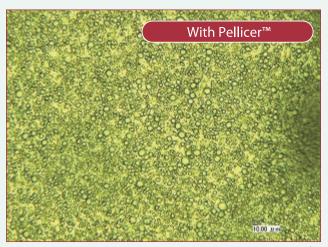
Test method

- Adjust pH to 7.0 in the aqueous phase except Pellicer™ LB-10, and add Pellicer™ LB-10.
- Heat the aqueous and oil phases to 80°C. Once the temperature reaches 80°C, slowly add the oil phase to the aqueous phase while stirring with a homogenizer (5000 rpm). When all is added, cool down to room temperature.

Use as a rescue co-emulsifier

Being used in combination with nonionic emulsifier, Pellicer™ makes the particle size of the emulsion finer, improving stability





2.5 months at 50°C

2.5 months at 50℃

(Stability)

	Nonionic emulsifiers (0.25%) <unstable emulsion=""></unstable>		Nonionic emulsifiers (0.25%) + Pellicer™ (solid content 0.19 <rescued by="" combination="" pellicer™="" the="" with=""></rescued>	
	Immediately after manufacture	After 1 month at 50℃	Immediately after manufacture	After 1 month at 50℃
Appearance	Good	NG. Solid oil precipitated	Good	Good
Particle diameter (μm)	9.3	9.7	4.6	3.5
Viscosity (mPa·s)	34000	28500	18000	20000

(Formulation)

Phase	Ingredients	Nonionic emulsifiers only	With Pe ll icer™ used in combination
	Glyceryl stearate	0.10	0.10
	Ceteth-20	0.10	0.10
	Sorbeth-40 tetraoleate	0.05	0.05
Oil	Triethylhexanoin	7.00	7.00
	Behenyl alcohol	5.00	5.00
	Ethylhexyl methoxysilicate	6.00	6.00
	Oxybenzone-3	2.00	2.00
Aguaque	【Pellicer™ LB-10】 Sodium Dilauramidoglutamide Lysine, BG, water	-	1.00 (solid content 0.10)
Aqueous	2% Carboporl 981 aqueous solution (carbomer, water)	15.00 (solid content 0.30)	15.00 (solid content 0.30)
	Water	Remainder	Remainder
Neutralizer	Sodium Hydroxide (30w/v %)	0.36	0.36

Preparation procedure ■ Heat aqueous and oil phases to 80°C. Once the temperature reaches 80°C, slowly add the oil phase to the aqueous phase while stirring with a homogenizer (5000 rpm). After stirring with the homogenizer (5000 rpm) for 5 minutes, cool it down to the room temperature and neutralize.

Notes on Pellicer™ emulsification

- 1. Pellicer™ emulsification requires a homogenizer.
- 2. Homogenize for 5 minutes at 5000rpm on a 200ml scale.
- 3. Add Pellicer™ into the aqueous phase.
- 4. Always add the oil phase to the aqueous phase during emulsification.
- 5. When creating a formulation that takes advantage of Pellicer's oil remaining property, using a low HLB emulsifier together can maintain that property.



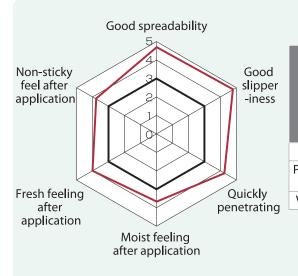
Emulsifying function

Pellicer[™] emulsion with a fresh feel

Pellicer™ emulsion with water repellency while being Oil-in-Water(O/W).

Pellicer™ emulsion with a fresh feel

Pellicer[™] reduces the amount of emulsifier used to 1/10 or less of conventional products, greatly reducing stickiness



	Nonionic emulsifier (2.5%)		Pellicer™(solid content 0.1%)	
	Immediately after manufacture	After 1-month at 50°C	Immediately after manufacture	After 1-month at 50℃
Appearance	Good	Good	Good	Good
Particle diameter (μm)	2.4	2.1	14.3	13.4
Viscosity (mPa·s)	69500	31000	30200	32500

— Nonionic emulsifier — Pellicer™

(Formulation)

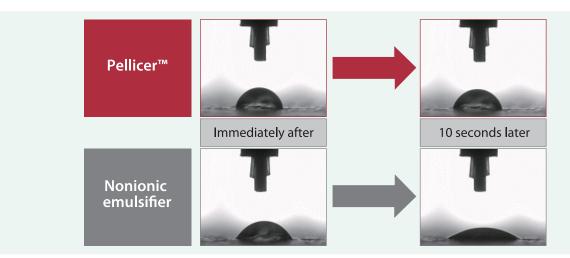
Phase	Ingredients	Nonionic emu l sifier	Pe ll icer™
	Glyceryl Stearate	1.00	-
	Ceteth-20	1.00	-
	Sorbeth-40 Tetraoleate	0.50	-
Oil	Triethylhexanoin	7.00	7.00
	Behenyl Alcohol	5.00	5.00
	Ethylhexyl Methoxycinnamate	6.00	6.00
	Benzophenone-3	2.00	2.00
	【Pellicer™ LB-10】 Sodium Dilauramidoglutamide Lysine, Butylene Glycol, Water	-	1.00 (solid content 0.10)
Aqueous	2% Carbopol 981 aqueous solution (Carbomer, Water)	15.00 (solid content 0.30)	15.00 (solid content 0.30)
	Water	Remainder	Remainder
Neutralizer	Sodium Hydroxide (30w/v %)	0.36	0.36

Preparation procedure

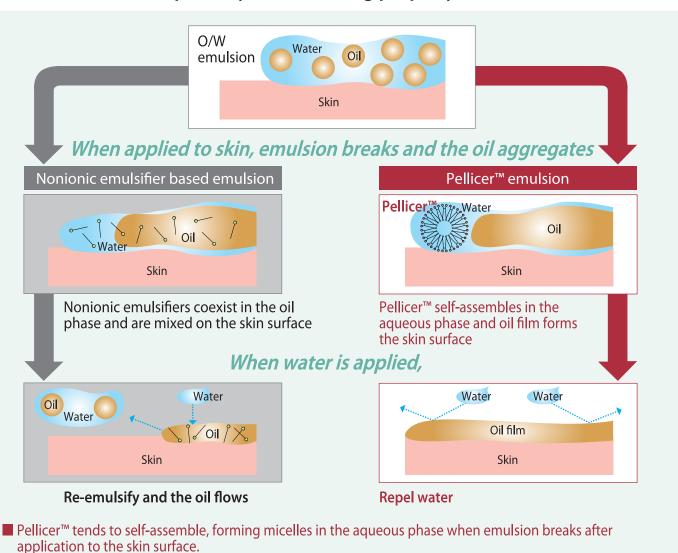
- Heat aqueous and oil phases to 80°C. Once the temperature reaches 80°C, slowly add the oil phase to the aqueous phase while stirring with a homogenizer (5000 rpm).
- After stirring with a homogenizer (5000 rpm) for 5 minutes, cool it down to the room temperature and neutralize.

Pellicer[™] emulsion with water repellency while being O/W.

Pellicer™emulsion leaves oil film on the skin, making it O/W but water repellent.



[Mechanism ~ Water repellency (oil remaining property) of Pellicer™ emulsion ~]



■ Pellicer[™] needs homogenizer to work as emulsifier. Since there is no strong shear on skin, Pellicer[™] doesn't re-emulsify. As a result, oil film forms on skin surface after rinse-off, demonstrating water repellency.





Mechanism of Pellicer™ effects

Permeability into hair

Repairability to the surface and inside of damaged hair

Mechanism of Pellicer™ effects

Pellicer™ works inside and on the surface of the hair to repair hair damage



Damage repair by penetration of peptides

Pellicer $^{\text{TM}}$, which has a tripeptide structure in its molecule, penetrates inside the cortex to repair damage.

■Damage repair by penetration of moisture

A total of seven amide bonds and carboxyl groups that are easily affinity with water promotes internal penetration of moisture, swells the cortex, and improves hair thickness.

■Damage repair by ceramide-like function

Pellicer™, which has a structure similar to ceramide, improves the function of CMC (Cell Membrane Complex), cuticle lift and repairing cracks inside of the hair.

For hair surface

For inner hair

Permeability into hair

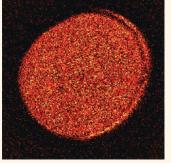
Pellicer[™] penetrates into the hair and persists after rinsing



▲ Cross-section of damaged hair (*) before immersion



▲ After immersion in 0.1% Pellicer™ solution
Fast, full permeation



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▲ After water rinsing Long-lasting retention

- (*) Damaged hair
- Damaged hair was obtained by brushing 100 times after repeating perming and bleaching four times.
- Test method
- Damaged hair (*) placed in 0.1% Pellicer™ solution for 1 minute, air dried, and rinsed in 40°C water for 2 minutes. Cross-section analyzed for Pellicer™ distribution by Na+ TOF-SIMS before and after immersion and after 3 rinses.

Repairability to the surface and inside of damaged hair

Pellicer™ reduces cuticle lift and promotes recovery of a smooth, flat, lustrous cuticle array.

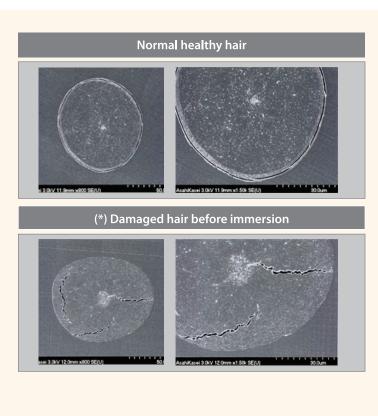


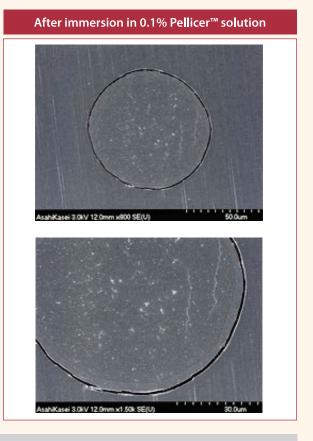
After immersion in 0.1% Pellicer™ solution

Test method

■Damaged hair(*) placed in 0.1% Pellicer™ solution for 1 minute, towel dried, air dried 1day at room temperature, brushed 100 strokes, then micrographed.

Pellicer[™] permeates the cortex and repairs the internal structure.





Test method

■ Damaged hair(*) placed in 0.1% Pellicer™ solution for 1 minute, towel dried, air dried 1day at room temperature, brushed 100 strokes, then observed.



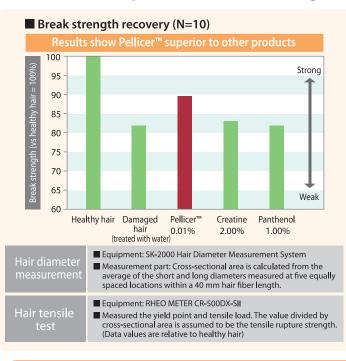


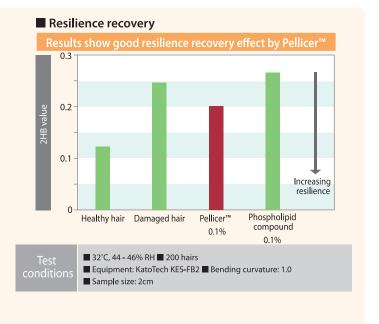
Break strength recovery

Recovery of smoothness and bound water content

Break strength recovery

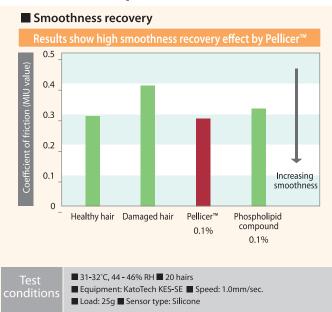
Pellicer™ improves tensile strength and resilience of damaged hair

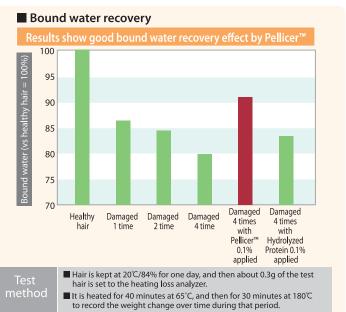




Recovery of smoothness and bound water content

Pellicer™ improves smoothness of the hair surface and bound water content.





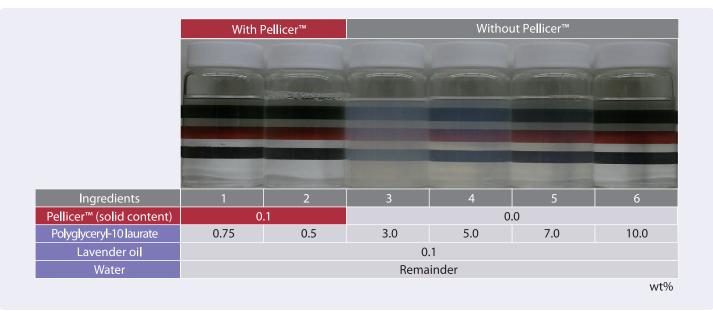
Solubilizing function

Helps solubilize essential oils and fat-soluble vitamins

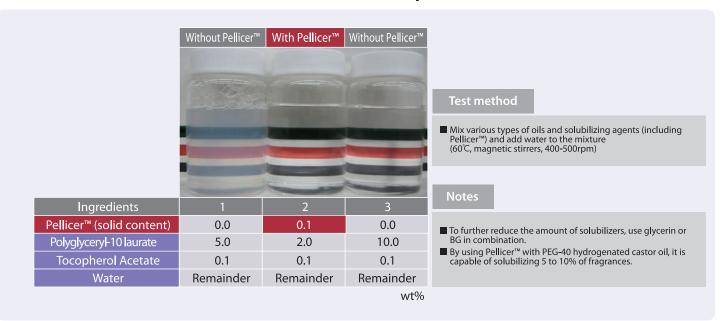
Helps solubilize essential oils and fat-soluble vitamins

Pellicer™ reduces the amount of solubilizers used to solubilize essential oils and fat-soluble vitamins, resulting in a less sticky feel.

[Solubilization of essential oils (lavender oil 0.1%)]



[Solubilization of fat-soluble vitamins (tocopherol acetate 0.1%)]





Oil gel function

Features of Pellicer™ oil gel

Makeup removal ability of oil gel

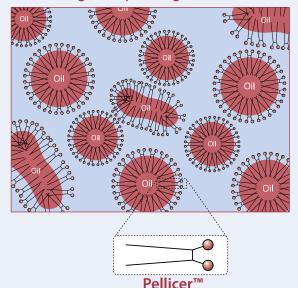
Features of Pellicer™ oil gel

Pellicer[™] can gel a variety of oils.

Microphotograph

Digital microscope (VHX-900: KEYENCE)

Schematic diagram of Pellicer™ oil gel (D-phase gel)





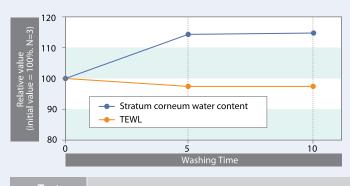


PellicerTM D-phase gel is a two-phase, O/W type gel stabilized by finely dispersed oil particles (around 1 μ m) in a continuous phase of PellicerTM, water and polyhydric alcohol.

(Contact us for more detailed manufacturing process)

(Skin care effect of Pellicer™ oil gel)

Pellicer™ oil gel has improved stratum corneum water content and TEWL in continuous washing.



Makeup remover gel (Mineral oil based)

	reliicei oli gei		
	Ingredients	wt%	
Aqueous phase	Pellicer™ L-30 Glycerin 70% Sorbitol aqueous solution	1 20 5	
Oi l phase	Mineral Oil (5.8–8.9mm²/s) Isononyl Isononanoate Dimethicone (6mm²/s) Cyclobentasiloxane PEG-20 Glyceryl Triisostearate	47 15 5 5 2	

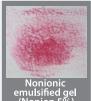
Test method ■ Apply the sample (0.2g) on medial part of forearm and rinse with water for 30 seconds. Repeat the procedure for 10 times. Measure before application, at 5th repeat and 10th repeat. CORNEOMETER CM825, TEWAMETER TM300

Makeup removal ability of oil gels

Pellicer™ oil gel has excellent cleansing effects

Makeup removal ability for lipsticks



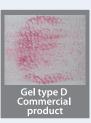












For lipstick, Pellicer™ oil gel exhibits removal ability comparable to oil-type removers.

Makeup removal ability for mascara















For waterproof mascara, Pellicer™ oil gel works better than oil-type removers.

- Pellicer™ oil gel (see the page on the left).
- Nonionic emulsified gel (nonion 5%, 10%): Nonionic surfactant is Polyglyceryl-10 Myristate Substitute the nonionic surfactant for Pellicer™, and adjust the amount of Mineral Oil accordingly.
- Oil type A Commercial product: Mineral oil base + nonionic surfactant.
- Oil type B Commercial product: Ester oil base + nonionic surfactant.
- Gel type C Commercial product: Silicon oil base + water + Polymeric thickener + nonionic surfactant.
- Gel type D Commercial product: Ester oil base + water + Polymeric thickener + nonionic surfactant.

- Visual evaluation after rinsing. Equipment: Mini-Martindale tester manufactured by James H. Heal & Co.Ltd.

(Notes for production)

Recommended

For 100g scale prototyping, use the agitator blades below.

For 1.5kg scale prototyping, use the vacuum mixer homogenizer.









Points and procedure (100 g scale)

- 1. Add 2 3% water to the aqueous phase before adding the oil phase.
- 2. Use trivalent or higher alcohols (Glycerin or Sorbitol) for polyhydric alcohols. Gels are not formed with Diol, such as Butylene Glycol.
- 3. Mix Pellicer™, Glycelin and water evenly.
- 4. When adding the oil phase, drop it slowly at 5-10%/ min.
- 5. Perform post-stirring at 500 rpm for 10 min.
- 6. Gel is unstable because if post-stirring is insufficient, emulsion particles will not be fine enough.



Precautions on the handling and use of Pellicer™

- We have made a separate Safety Data Sheet (SDS) available. Please refer to it before handling the product.
- Seal the product and store it in a cool, dark place.
- No preservatives are used, so use immediately after opening.
- Please investigate the safety and conformity of your product to the relevant laws and regulations, as well as any infringement of intellectual property rights held by third parties.

All data, values, and information given in this document represent typical results based on the indicated standards and test methods, but do not represent any specification or any warranty or guarantee of any nature relating to performance or utilization, and are subject to change without notice.

ASAHI KASEI FINECHEM CO., LTD.

Osaka Head Office: Nakanoshima-Dai building, 3-3-23, Nakanoshima, Kita-ku, Osaka 530-6130 Tokyo Office: Hibiya Mitsui Tower, 1-1-2 Yurakucho, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-0006

URL https://www.asahikasei-fc.jp/eng/ E-mail afc_amino_sales@om.asahi-kasei.co.jp